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### TITLE OF THE INVENTION

## MODULAR RACK-MOUNTING SYSTEM

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to rack-mounting systems, and more particularly to a modular rack-mounting system that is flexible for mounting instruments having different environmental requirements.

In many instrumentation environments a plurality of instruments are mounted in large racks. In order to mount the instruments in the rack, standard sizes have been implemented regarding width and height for each rack unit. As a result the instruments are sized to fit either into a full rack mount or into a half rack mount. In the case of half rack mounts, a full rack mount is generally provided with sleeves that separate the full rack mount into half rack mounts. A typical half rack-mounting system is shown in Fig. 1 where a current fixed rackmounting system is shown having a pair of half rack sleeves welded together with a pair of bands welded around the front and back edges to provide structural stability. The sleeves have ventilation holes in them in a particular configuration to allow cooling air to circulate around the instrument according to the instrument's requirements when mounted in the rack. As long as all instruments have the same requirements for air circulation, for example, this fixed rack-mounting system is adequate. But as new instruments are developed, different air circulation requirements arise requiring different sleeve configurations.

To provide for all the different sleeve ventilation configurations to enable a user to mount instruments on the rack in any desired configuration requires an innumerable number of different rack-mounting systems.

Therefore what is desired is a flexible modular rack-mounting system that allows for the exchange of different sleeve configurations while maintaining a single rack-mounting system.

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### BRIFF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly the present invention provides a flexible modular rackmounting system that has a rigid rack frame having a top, bottom and two sides
defining a central compartment, a central rib attached between the top and
bottom of the frame to divide the central compartment into two compartments,
and a sleeve that slides into either compartment defined by the rack frame and
central rib. A hole is provided at a point along each side of the sleeve such that,
when the sleeve is slid into the rack frame, a button mounted on a flat spring
attached to the frame sides and/or the central rib engages the hole to hold the
sleeve securely in place. To remove or replace the sleeve, the button is
depressed from the interior of the sleeve and the sleeve is slid out.

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The objects, advantages and other novel features of the present invention are apparent from the following detailed description when read in conjunction with the appended claims and attached drawing.

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# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING

- Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a prior art rack-mounting system.
- Fig. 2 is an exploded perspective view of a modular rack-mounting system according to the current invention.

Fig. 3 is an exploded perspective view of a first embodiment of a snap and latch system for the modular rack-mounting system according to the present invention.

Fig. 4 is a side plan view of a central rib for the modular rack-mounting system according to the present invention.

Fig. 5 is a perspective view of the central rib of Fig. 4 with the snap and latch system of Fig. 3 mounted thereon according to the present invention.

Fig. 6 is an exploded perspective view of a second embodiment of a snap and latch system for the modular rack-mounting system according to the present invention.

Fig. 7 is a side plan view of a frame portion of a modular rack-mounting system according to the present invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring now to Fig. 2 a modular rack-mounting system 10 is shown having a frame 12 and a pair of interchangeable sleeves 14, 16. The frame 12 has a left and a right portion 18, 20 and a central rib 22, dividing the interior of the frame into two compartments. The left and right portions 18, 20 may have interlocking fingers 24 that are press fitted together and then optionally spot welded to assure rigidity of the frame 12 and provide a smooth surface. The central rib 22 is affixed to the left and right portions 18, 20 by any suitable means, such as rivets, screws, spot welding or the like. Each sleeve 14, 16 has a hole 26 in each side. The holes 26 engage snap and latch systems 28

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attached to the sides of the left and right portions 18, 20 and both sides of the central rib 22. To secure the sleeves 14, 16 in the frame 12, the sleeves are slid into the respective compartments in the frame 12 formed by the sides of the frame and the central rib 22 until the holes 26 engage the snap and latch systems 28. To remove and exchange sleeves 14, 16, a button 30 that is part of the snap and latch system 28 and extends into the holes 26 is depressed from the interior of the sleeves to release them and allow them to be slid out of the frame 12. In this manner any sleeve configuration may be placed in either half rack compartment formed by the frame 12 and central rib 22 in order to accommodate the environmental requirements of different instruments.

The sleeves 14, 16 may be formed from sheet metal material that is punched and folded appropriately. The joint 27 where the folded ends meet to complete the sleeve 14, 16 may be overlapped and welded as shown in Fig. 2, or may have interlocking "fingers" that are press fitted together and optionally spot welded as described above with respect to the frame 12.

As shown in Fig. 3 a first snap and latch system 28A that is mounted on the central rib 22 has a support plate 32 having a mounting section 34 and an offset section 36 with a central hole 38. A spring plate 40 has a support end 42 and a spring end 44. Mounted on the spring end 44 is the button 30 using any suitable means 46, such as screws, rivets or the like. The button 30 is mounted so that when the spring plate 40 is mounted between central rib 22 and the support plate 32 it protrudes through the central hole 38 of the offset section 36. The button 30 has a small radius around the periphery of the protruding head,

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and the sleeves 14, 16 also have a slight radius along their edges. Referring further to Fig. 4 the central rib 22 has a pair of mounting locations 41, 43 on either side of a through hole 45. When mounted in opposing manner on opposite sides of the central rib 22, as shown in Fig. 5, the spring ends 44 of the spring plates 40 are located so that, when the button 30 is depressed, the spring end may deform into the through hole 45 to allow the button to clear the hole 26 in the sleeve 14, 16.

A simpler snap and latch system 28B may be mounted on the frame 12 itself, as shown in Fig. 6. A spring steel ribbon 48 has the button 30 mounted on it by suitable means 50. The side of each frame portion 18, 20, as shown in Fig. 7, has a pair of opposing flanges 52, 54 on the exterior flanking a hole 56. The spring steel ribbon 48 is secured between the flanges 52, 54 on the exterior of the frame portion 18, 20 so that the button 30 extends through the hole 56.

Although what is described above is a half-rack mounting system, where the frame 12 and central rib 22 form two compartments, the central rib may be removed to form a single compartment for a full-rack mounting system. For the full-rack mounting system the sleeves 14, 16 are sized accordingly, and only the simpler snap and latch system 28B of Fig. 6 mounted on the frame 12 is used to secure the sleeves in the frame.

Thus the present invention provides a modular rack-mounting system that is flexible enough to accommodate different sleeves according to environmental requirements of instruments to be mounted therein, the system having a rigid frame with a central rib and snap and latch systems mounted on the rib and

frame so that the sleeves are retained in the frame when inserted into the frame, yet are releasable so they may be exchanged according to instrument requirements.